

HYDRAULIC PISTON PUMPS VDP | VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT PUMPS 40cm³/rev. to 109cm³/rev.

Efficiency and robustness



Adaptable pressure
Fast Reaction
Flow Reset
High Pressure
Long Service life
Low Noise
Compact Design
High Efficiency
Efficient Cooling









General information

VDP Series is a variable displacement axial piston pump designed to use in open circuits. They are available from 40 to 109 cm³/rev. and with a nominal pressure of 410 bar. They can be assembled directly into the truck power take off (PTO).

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Ordering code

VDP	40	R]
01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	
Series									
01	Variable di	isplaceme	nt pump, s	wash plate	design, op	en circuit			VDP
Size									
02	Displacem	ent, cm ³ /r	ev.	40	60	76	92	109	
Rotation	sense								
03	Viewed fro	m drive sh	aft	Right (clo					R
	Viewed iio	ill ulive si	ıaıı	Left (cou	nter-clockw	vise)			L
	_					1			7
Mounting				40	60	76	92	109	
	ISO 7653- coupling			•	•	•	•	•	0
04	SAE J744, C 2 holes			0	0	0	0	0	C2
	SAE J744, C 4 holes			0	0	0	0	0	C4
ISO 3019, 4-h Ø125			ं	0	0	0		I	
									7
Drive Sh				40	60	76	92	109	
	Splined DI			•	•	•	•	•	0
05	Splined SA DP-SAE C		4T 12/24	0	0	0	0	0	С
	Splined DIN 5480, W35x2x16x9q		0	0	0	0	0	А	
		-							_
Line port	s			40	60	76	92	109	
06	ISO DIN 22 (BSP)	28, G thre	ads	•	•	•	•	•	0
UU	SAE J514			ं	0	0	0	0	4
Metric				ं	0	0	0	0	3

Control	lers
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	07	Load-sensing controller		0	
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Special functions

08	Without stroke limitation	(<u> </u>
UO	Williout Sticke Illitation		J

Seals

09	NBR shaft seal	0

 Standard version Available under request Other combinations can be made, for more information please consult ABER.





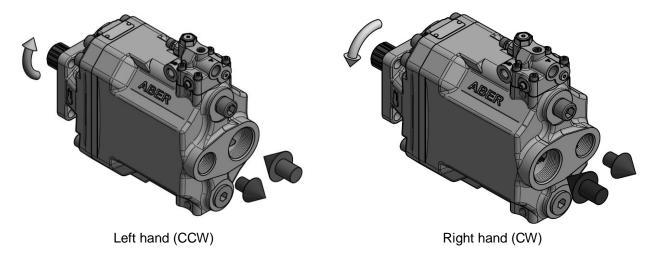
Technical data

Displacement	cm ³ /rev.	40.1	60.6	76.4	92.6	109.4
Nominal pressure	bar	410	410	410	410	410
Max intermittent pressure (1)	bar	460	460	460	460	460
Max. rotation speed (2)	rpm	3100	2600	2300	2000	1700
Min. rotation speed	rpm	500	500	500	500	500
Mass inertia torque (rotary group)	kg.m²	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009
Weight torque	Nm	34.99	35.02	35.03	35.05	35.07
Weight	kg	27	27	27	27	27
Recommended fluids	mineral oils type ISO HM or DIN 51524-2 HLP					
Recommended viscosity range	16 to 36 cSt (mm ² /s) at working temperature				nperature	
Limits viscosity range		10 to 400 cSt (mm ² /s)				St (mm²/s)
Start-up viscosity range, without load		400 to 1500 cSt (mm²/s)				
Filtration requirements (3)		ISO 4406 19/17/14				
Ambient temperature	ent temperature -40°C to +60					to +60°C
Oil temperature		-25°C to +90°C				
Max. housing pressure		3 bar				
Min. inlet pressure		0.85 bar abs				

Data contained in this table are rounded, theoretical and without efficiency or tolerances.

- (1) Max. 6 seconds per minute.
- (2) These values are valid at an absolute pressure of 1 bar in suction port when operating with a mineral oil at a viscosity of 30 mm²/s (cSt) and max swash plate angle.
- (3) The first filter to be applied into the system must be replaced as soon as it reaches the 50 working hours; after the first replacement, it must be replaced along with the oil or when pressures out of the common are verified in the return.

Rotation sense



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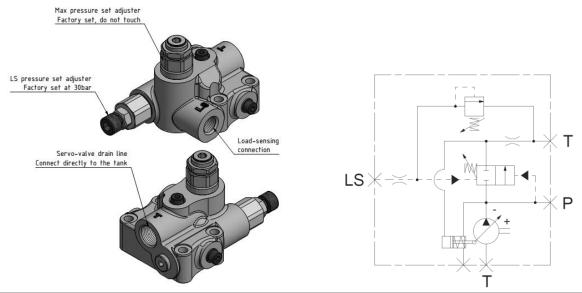
Rotation sense is defined viewed from drive shaft. Pumps must be ordered CCW or CW, and it can't be changed.





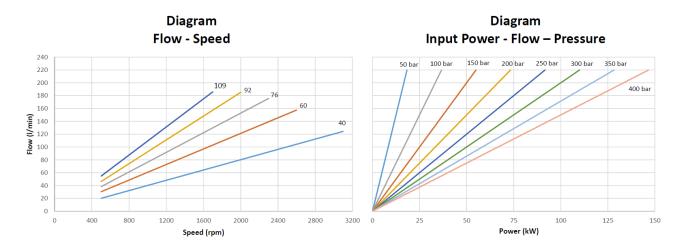
Controller

Load-sensing controller with integrated pressure limitation and drain line. This command allows control of the required flow regardless of the pump working speed. The differential pressure between the load and the pump outlet is controlled by the LS set adjuster. The pressure limiter allows control of the maximum pressure. Drain line must be connected directly to the tank. This controller permits high fuel saving.



Incorrect pressure settings can overload components creating potential danger situations, please always monitor pressure gauge during setting operations.

Characteristic diagrams



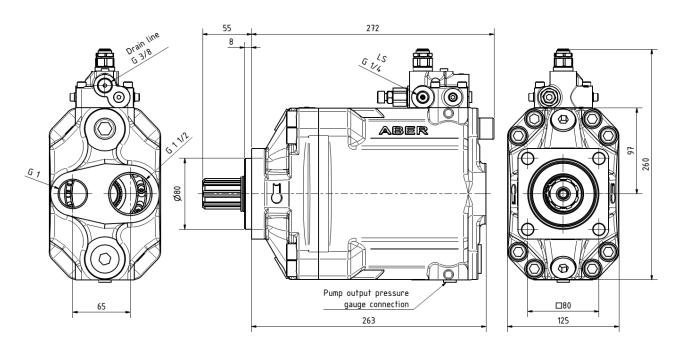
These diagrams illustrates theoretical values when operating with max swash plate angle.





Dimensions

Standard version - Mounting flange ISO 7653-1985, type D direct coupling / Splined drive shaft DIN 5462, B8x32x36 / Line ports ISO DIN 228, G threads (BSP). Dimensions in mm.



Pump selection

To ensure that the PTO will not be overloaded, and gets the correct flow requirements with the speed of the engine chosen, it is important to use a pump with the right capacity. Pump capacity (D), expressed in cm³/rev., can be calculated using the following formula:

$$D = \frac{Q \times 1000}{N \times Z}$$

D-Pump displacement [cm³/rev.] Q-Flow required [l/min] N-Motor speed Z-Engine to PTO ratio

In order to not overload the PTO's mechanical units, it is important to calculate the torque and power consumed by the pumps. Torque and power are calculated with the following expressions:

$$M = \frac{D \times Pb}{63} \qquad \qquad P = \frac{D \times N \times Z \times Pb}{600 \times 0.95 \times 1000}$$

M-Torque [Nm]
Pb-Pressure [bar]
P-Power [kW]
N-Motor speed [rpm]
Z-PTO ratio
0,95-Pump efficiency (can change from one pump to another)



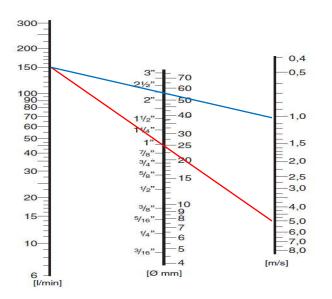
If the calculated load exceeds the maximum allowed for the PTO, a different combination should be selected.





Hose selection

In order to avoid intense heat generation and cavitation phenomenon that causes noise and deterioration of the pump, ABER recommends the following speeds and dimensions of the hoses. Inlet pressure range must be always respected. LS line should be 10% of the pressure line. Drain line depends from the internal pump pressure it must be at least 15mm. All the hoses must be selected according the pressures.



Admission line 0,5...1 m/s

Return line 2 3 m/s

Pressure line P = 0...50 bar - 3,5 m/s P = 50...100 bar - 3,5...4,5 m/s P = 100...150 bar - 4,5...5 m/s P = 150...200 bar - 5...5,5 m/s P = 200...300 bar - 5,5...6 m/s



The recommended speeds and dimensions specified may not be enough when the temperatures are too low, the tank is below the level of the pump, the inlet hose is long or there are many valves and fittings in the inlet hosing. In these cases we recommend increasing the diameter of the hoses and reducing the pump rotation speed.

Recommendations before start up

- Avoid pump installation above the minimum tank oil level.
- Check PTO direction of rotation. The direction of rotation of the pump must be according to the PTO rotation. Rotation sense is defined viewed from drive shaft. Pumps must be ordered CCW or CW, and it can't be changed.
- Grease spline shaft with solid lubricant before installation. Connect the pump to the PTO (apply 80Nm torque in the tightening nuts). High efforts or shocks are not recommended during the installation. The pump must be connected without making use of any type of tool that forces its assembly. In driving gear application and couplings use circlips and/ or washers with one M10 screw and locking fluid (70Nm). During the installation always leave the inlet port in a higher or equal level than outlet port. This increases the pump life.
- Remove all protection covers from the threaded holes (inlet/outlet/drain line/load-sensing). Apply the inlet and outlet fittings into the pump (query the tightening information from the fittings manufacturer). Connect the outlet and the inlet pipes to the accessories (always respect recommended hoses)
- Before start-up, the housing must be filled with the same hydraulic fluid used in the system. Re-fit drain plug and torque to 50Nm. Never run the pump dry.





Faults / Causes / Remedies

Faults	Causes	Remedies		
No oil flow	1.Empty tank 2.Closed valve in inlet hose 3.Air in inlet hose 4.Wrong sense of rotation 5.Reversed hoses 6.No input power 7.Pump damaged	1.Fill tank with recommended fluid 2.Open valve 3.Put tank above the pump level 4.Change rotation sense 5.Reverse hoses 6.Replace power source or other damaged equipment 7.Replace pump		
Equipment works with irregular movements	1.Air in housing 2.Air leakage in inlet hose 3.Low oil level 4.Pump damaged	1.Fill housing with recommended fluid 2.Repair air leakage 3.Fill tank with recommended fluid 4. Replace pump		
Pump is noisy	1.Small diameter hose 2.Restriction in inlet hose 3.Very thick oil 4.Air in inlet hose 5.Pump damaged	1.Replace inlet hose for other with a larger diameter 2.Remove restrictions 3.Replace for an recommended fluid 4.Put tank above the pump level, check air pressure in the tank 5.Replace pump		
Oil is too hot	1.Low oil level 2.Small tank 3.Dirty oil 4.Relief valve improperly set 5.Relief valve stuck in open position 6.Very thick oil 7.Too much flow	1.Fill tank with recommended fluid 2.Replace for a bigger tank 3.Replace oil and filter 4.Adjust for equipment specifications or replace if necessary 5.Clean and re-set for equipment specifications 6.Replace for an recommended fluid 7.Reduce speed or replace for a smaller displacement pump		
Equipment works very slow compared with the usual	1.Relief valve improperly set 2.Relief valve stuck in open position 3. LS pressure setting 4.Pump damaged	1.Adjust for equipment specifications or replace if necessary 2.Clean and re-set for equipment specifications 3.Change load sense (LS) factory setting. Tight LS pressure set adjuster 4.Replace pump		
Oil leakage	1.From inlet/outlet lines 2.From below the nameplate 3.From body sections	1.Tighten fittings and hoses, or replace in necessary 2.Stop the system immediately to determine the cause of the leak and correct the problem source 3.Tighten bolts for specified torque, or replaced damaged o'ring or body		



When the pump is working, never touch or pull hoses or intermediate shaft when applied. When intermediate shaft is applied take into account that parts can be ejected.

The application of the pumps must follow all the instructions hereby mentioned in order to assure the safety of all personal working with the equipment including its surroundings, assure a long life to the product and preserve the warranty of the brand. All applications that do not follow the hereby instruction

are solely the users responsibility. If there should happen any malfunctioning, it is strictly forbidden the disassembly of the product except if it is being made by a qualified technician of the brand or if there is a special authorization to do that. If this specification should not be followed, all warranties might be lost.

